

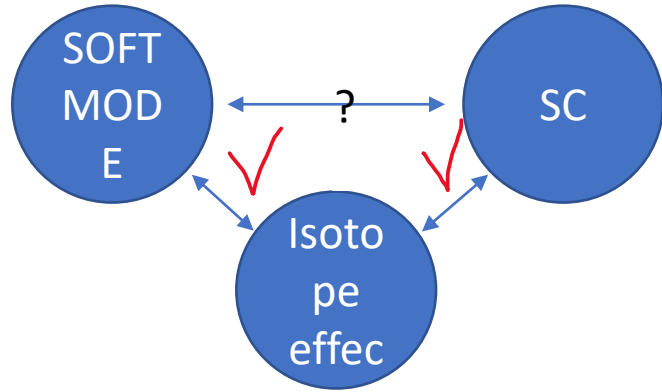
Puzzles of the soft mode and multiband superconductivity in STO

A.V. Balatsky

Work with P. Wolfle, J. Edge, Y.Kedem, N. Spaldin, U. Aschauer, K. Dunnett, J. Haraldsen, R. Fernandes, JX Zhu

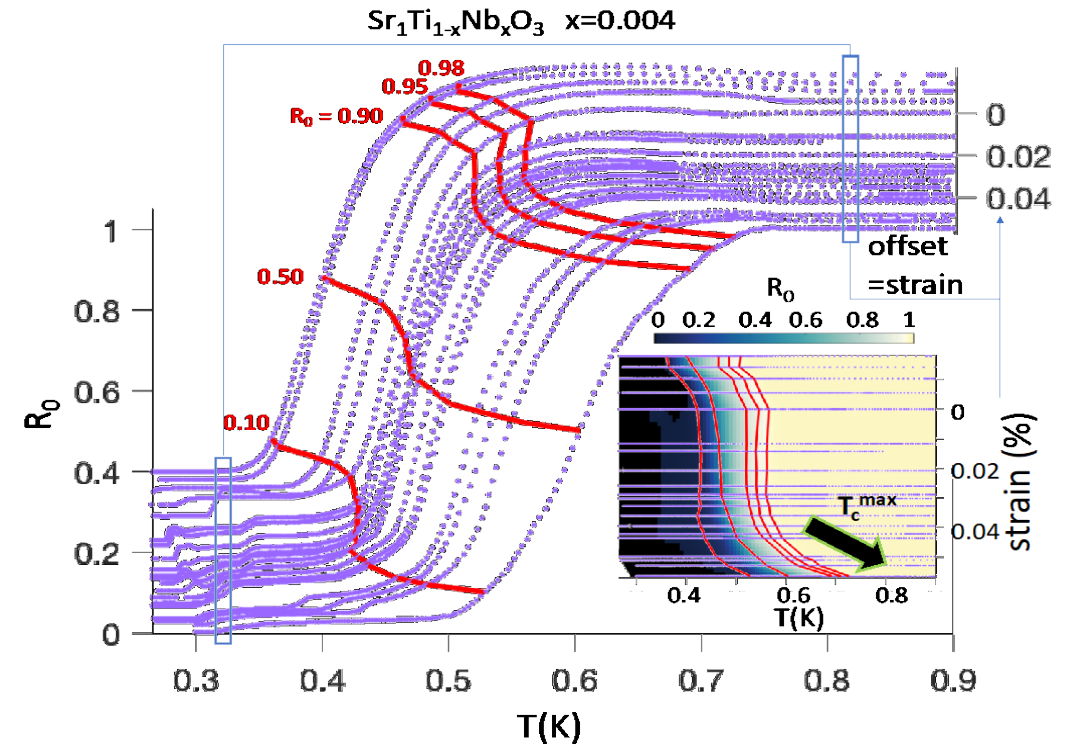
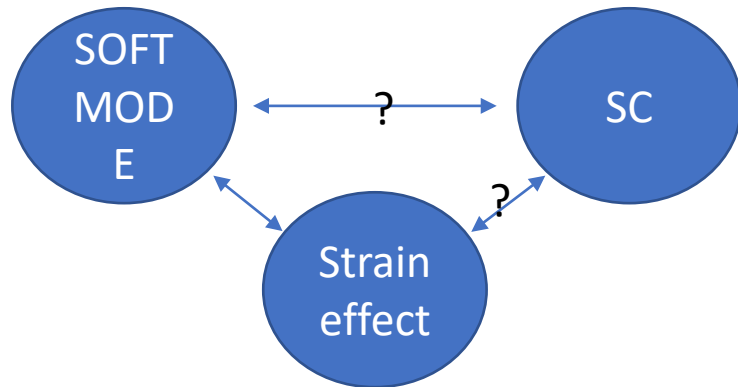
- * SC in STO is controlled by QCP and attendant TO soft mode: proofs by isotope effect, strain and Gruneisen.
- * SC in STO is multiband.

See earlier discussion on isotope effect (YK)

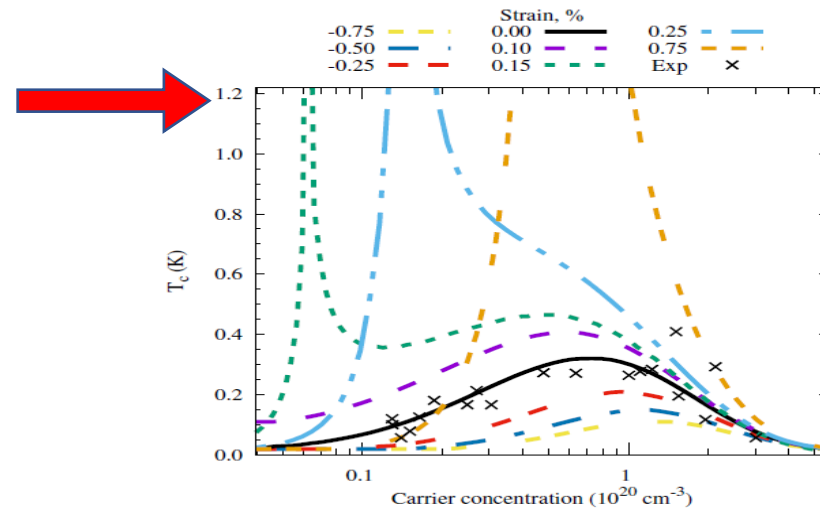


See also P Wölfle, Physical Review B 98 (10), 104505 (2018)

Test 2: Strain effects to tune to FE QCP



Ferroelectric phonons responsible for pairing; $\omega^2(u) = \omega^2(0) + bu$



- Tensile strain: large increase in T_c
- Sharp peak: $\omega(u, q=0) = 0$. (model breakdown)
- Increasing T_c as nearing ferroelectric quantum critical point

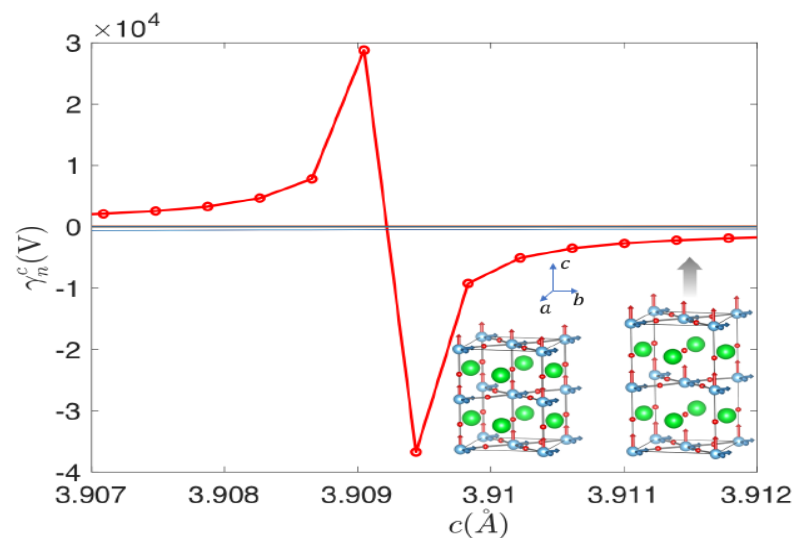
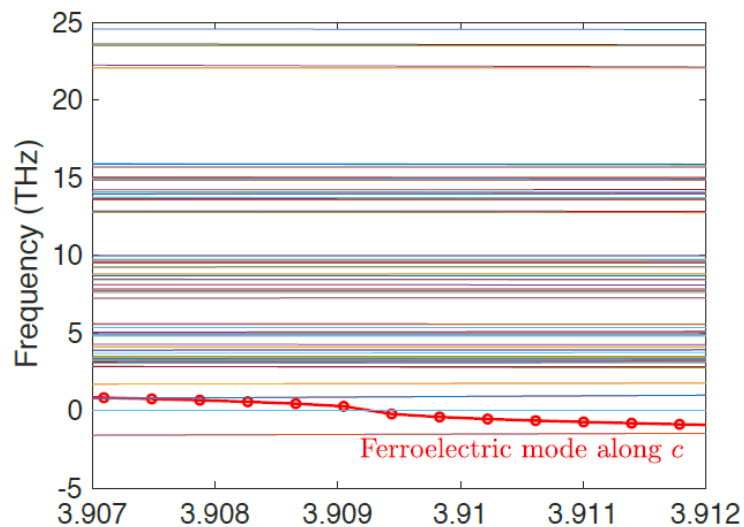
ArXiv:1712.08368
(2017, K. Dunn et al.)

Test 3: Gruneisen parameter in STO QCP

Sochnikov, Aschauer, Arxiv 2003.07686.pdf

Lattice

$$\gamma_n^c(V) = -\frac{V}{\omega_n} \left(\frac{\partial \omega_n}{\partial V} \right)_c$$



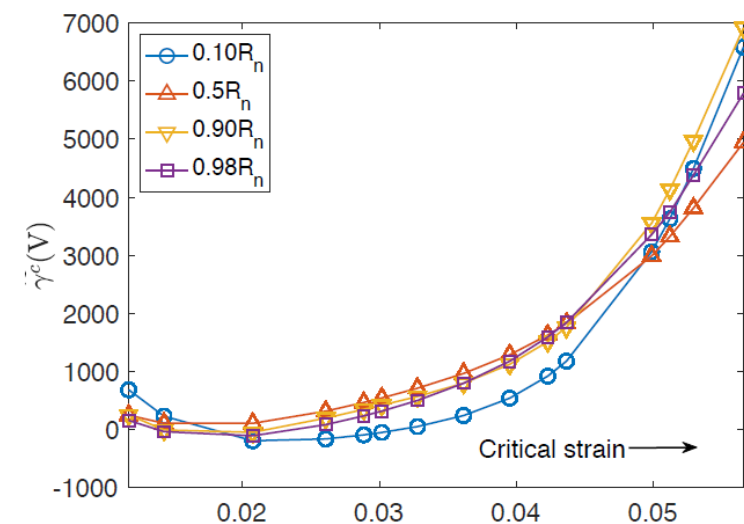
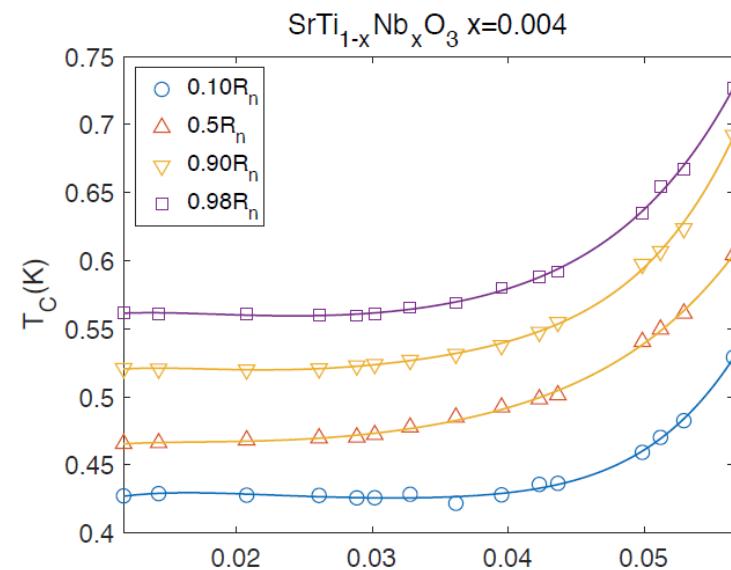
SC Gap:

$$\gamma_{SC} = -\frac{d \ln(N_0 \Delta^2)}{d \epsilon} \sim -\frac{d \ln(T_c)}{d \epsilon}$$

Largest GP for any known QCP



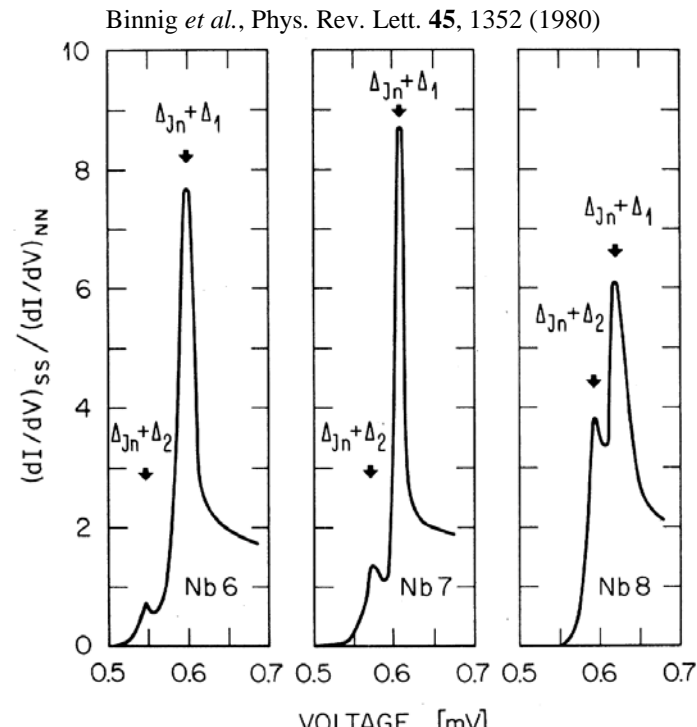
TO SOFT MODE IS THE KEY
PLAYER IN SC in STO



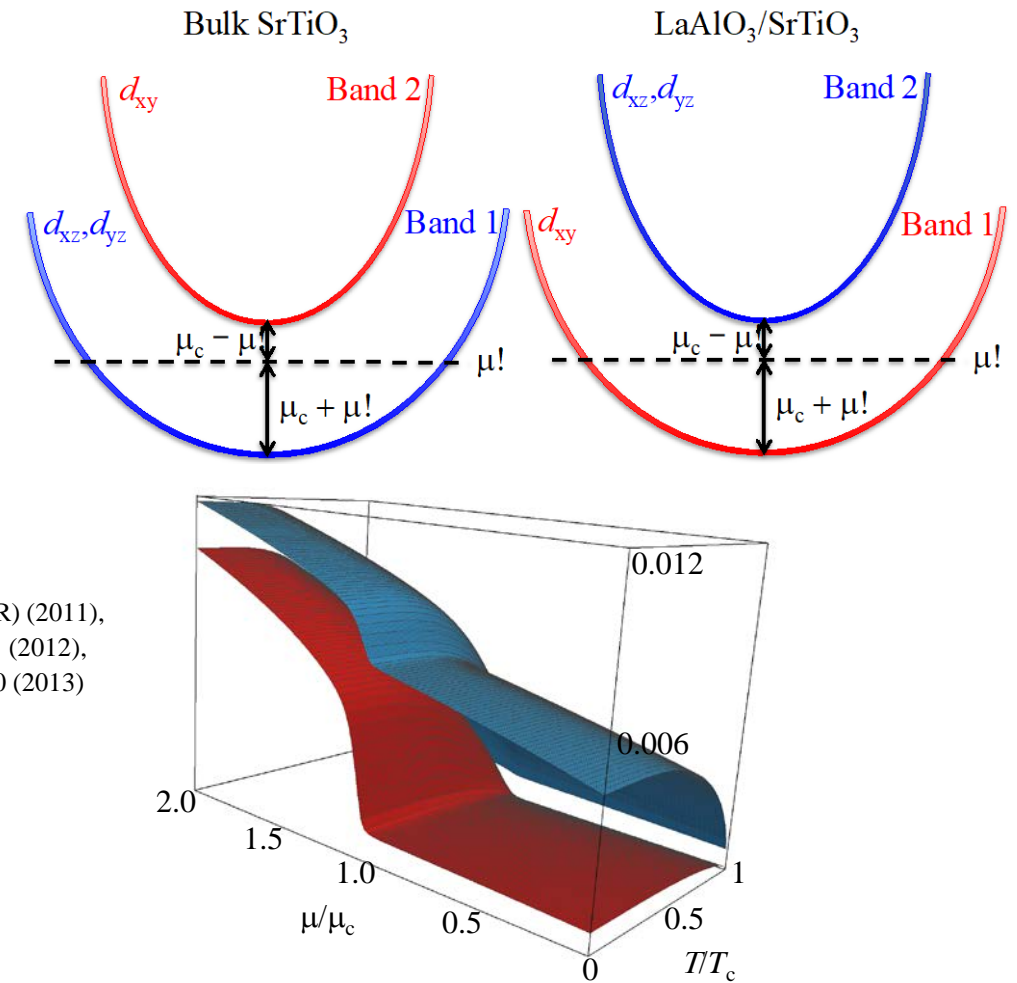
Nature of SC in STO: multiband SC in STO

Strong correlations with Soft mode
Is SC conventional? Most likely NOT.
STO is a bona fide multiband SC

Binnig, Manhart, Behnia – exp
Haraldsen, Fernandes, Yanase - theory



Haraldsen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **84**, 020103(R) (2011),
Haraldsen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **85**, 134501 (2012),
Fernandes *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **87**, 014510 (2013)



We find that the start of the second band produces a kink in T_c

Binnig *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **45**, 1352 (1980)

Hc2 in two band superconductors

Upper critical field as a probe for multiband superconductivity in bulk and interfacial STO

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Alexander V. Balatsky

Cond mat arxiv 1401

Journal of Superconductivity 2015

Data-Behnia grp

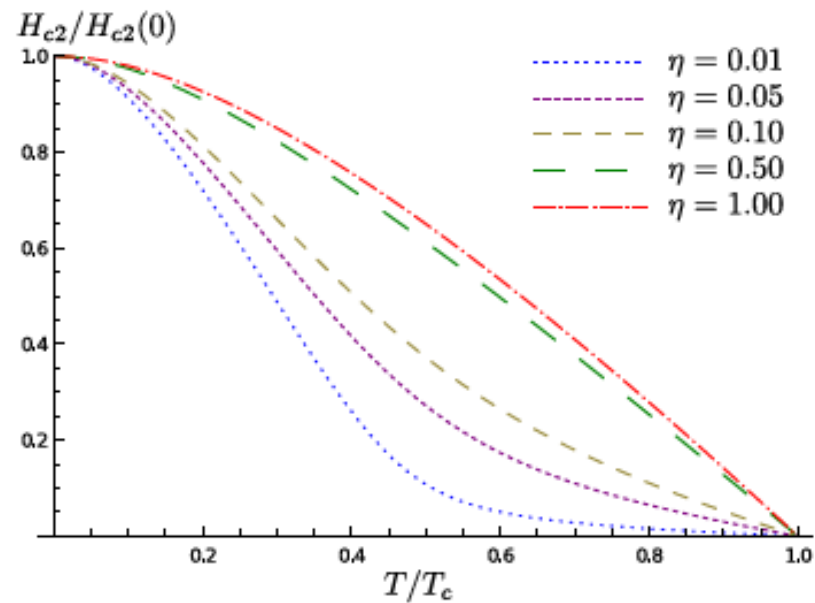
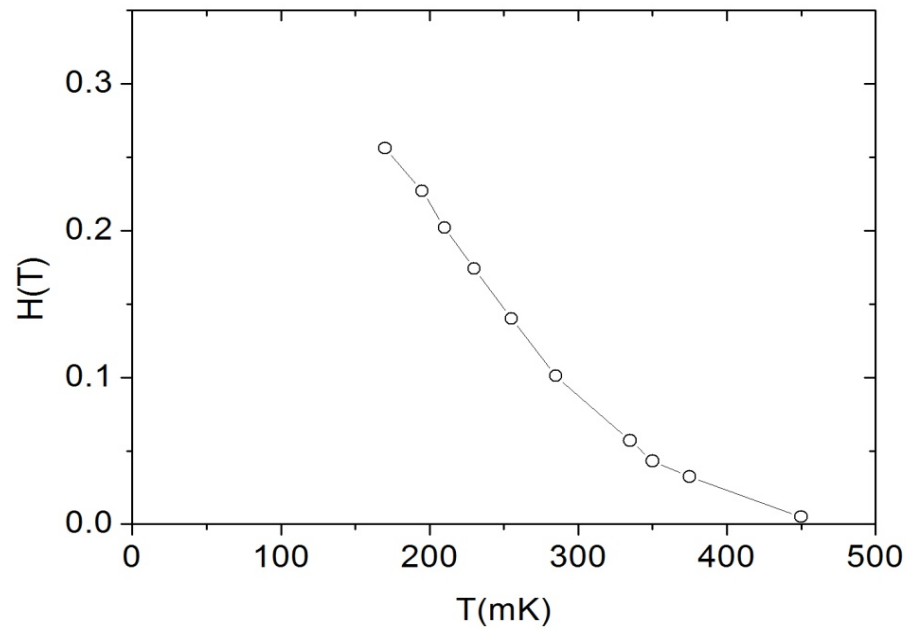


FIG. 1. (Color online) Temperature dependence of the upper critical field in the disordered limit for the coupling constants $\lambda_{11} = 0.14, \lambda_{22} = 0.13, \lambda_{12} = 0.02^{22}$. Different values of $\eta = D_2/D_1$ correspond to different ratios of the diffusivities.



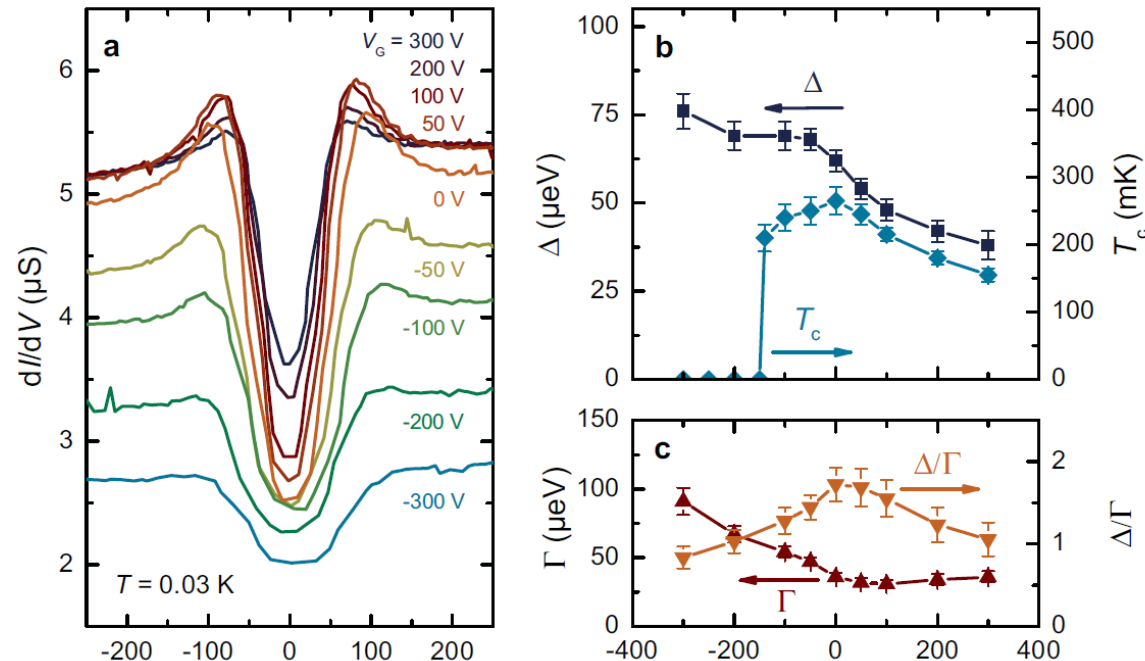
One can get interesting behavior if bands are different enough: diffusivity

Conclusion

- SC in STO is controlled by QCP and attendant TO soft mode: proofs by isotope effect, strain and Gruneisen.
- SC in STO is multiband. Consequences?

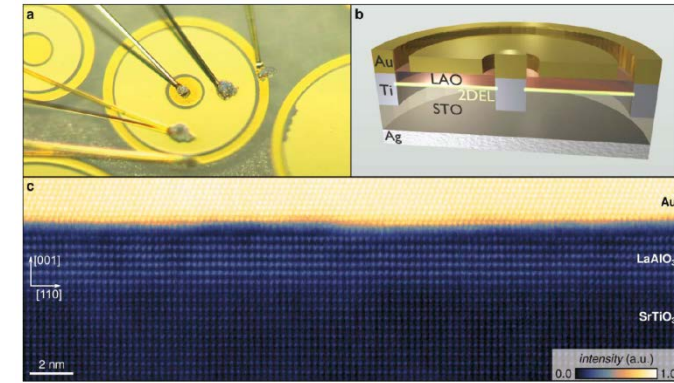
High- T_c -Superconductor-like Gap Behavior of a Non-Cuprate 2-D Interface Superconductor

C. Richter^{1,2}, H. Boschker¹, W. Dietsche¹, R. Jany², F. Loder², L.F. Kourkoutis^{3,4},
D.A. Muller^{3,4}, J.R. Kirtley⁵, C.W. Schneider⁶, J. Mannhart¹



We did not observe signatures of a second superconducting gap as reported²⁴ for superconducting Nb-doped SrTiO₃.

Nature 2013



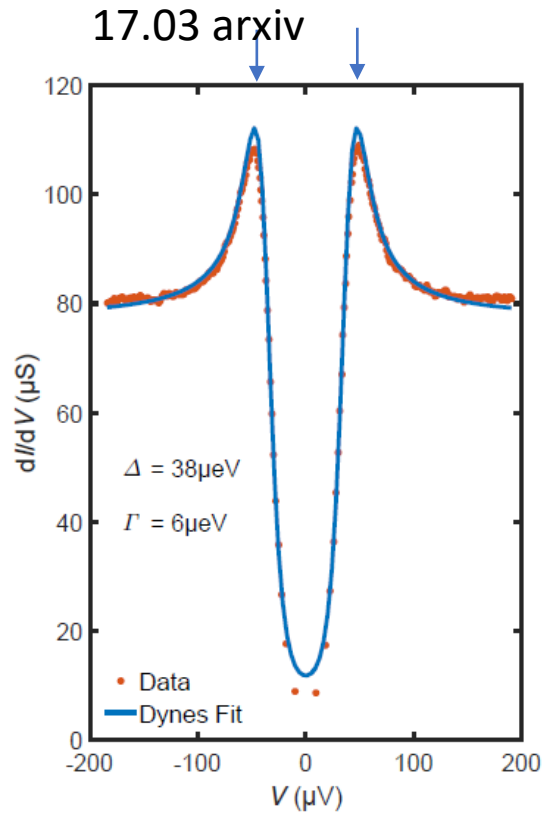
Gap 1 ~ 75 microeV

Gap 2 ~ 35 microeV

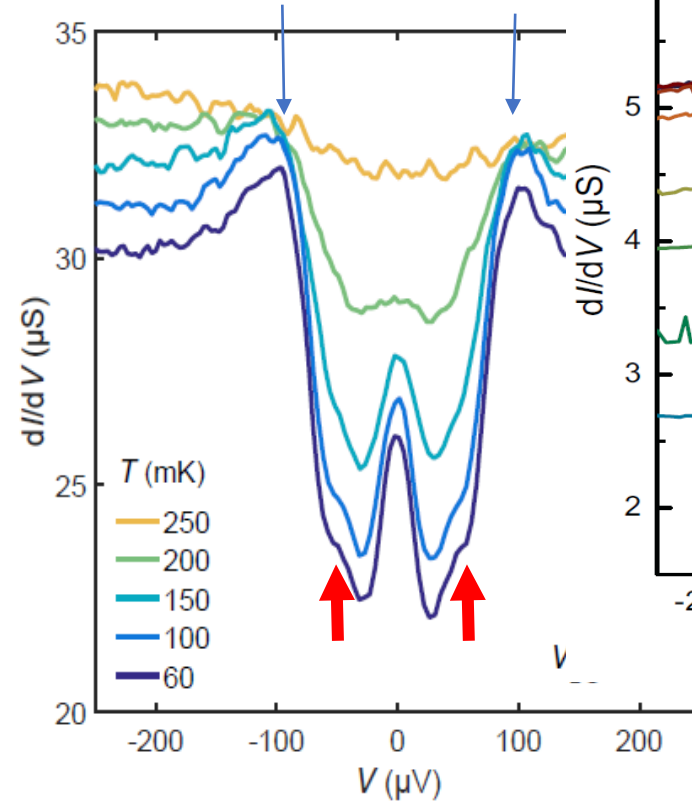
Gamma ~ 50 microeV

Seem not enough resolution to detect second gap

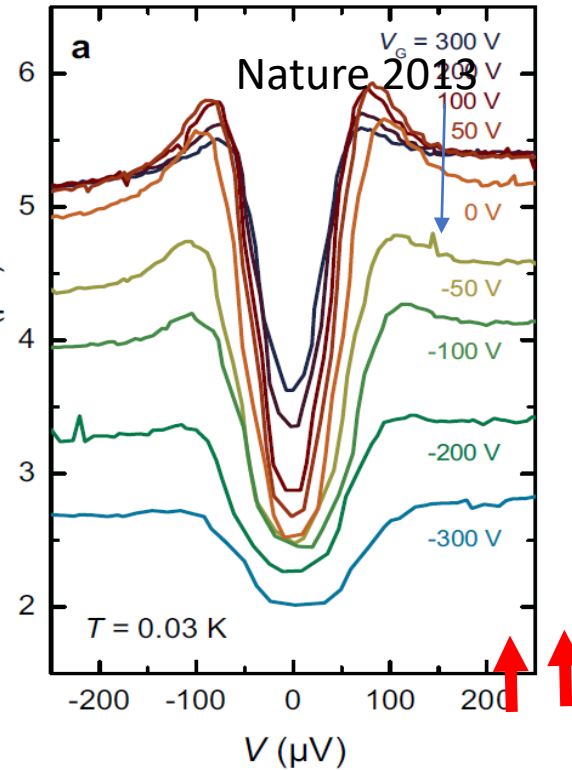
One gap vs two gaps in STO/LAO



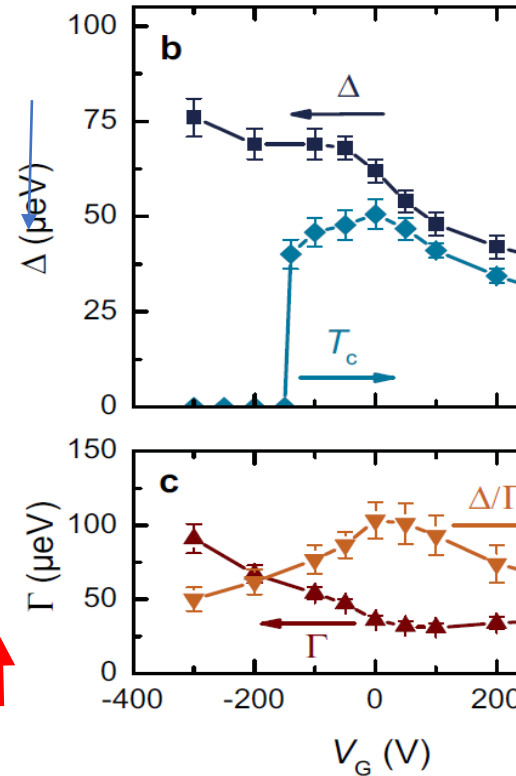
Typical spectra
 One gap = 50 mV



Spectra with the resonance



Spectra without the resonance



same shape of gap 1 and gap 2
 With or without resonance